Acidic Mucopolysaccharide Kit

For the quantitative colorimetric determination of Acidic Mucopolysaccharide in animal cartilage tissue or cultured chondrocytes

Cat. No. KT-007

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.
PRODUCT INFORMATION

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PRINCIPLE
Mucopolysaccharides are a class of polysaccharides found in connective tissue that provides structural integrity to animals. The K-ASSAY® Acidic Mucopolysaccharide Kit is a quantitative colorimetric measurement of acidic mucopolysaccharide in animal cartilage tissue or cultured chondrocytes (cell layers or spheroid cell clusters). Cartilage tissue or cell layers are enzymatically treated to digest proteins and leave behind the acidic mucopolysaccharides. The acidic mucopolysaccharides are stained and the resulting blue color is measured by a spectrophotometer at wavelength 650 nm.

Reagent
- Staining Stock Solution: 1 bottle, 4 mL
- Buffer: 1 bottle, 130 mL
- Enzyme Reagent: 5 vials, 10 mL/vial (lyophilized)
- Chondroitin Sulfate Calibrator (100 µg/mL): 1 vial, 2 mL

There are enough reagents to run 100 assays.

Materials Required But Not Provided
- Purified water
- Spectrophotometer with 650 nm wavelength
- Tubes
- Centrifuge
- Heater set at 60°C
- 0.45 µm membrane filter
- Adjustable pipettor

STORAGE
Kit components can be stored at 4°C until expiration date.
PRECAUTIONS
1. Read the instructions carefully before beginning the assay.
2. This kit is for research use only, not for human or diagnostic use.
3. Great care has been taken to ensure the quality and reliability of this product. However, it is possible that in certain cases, unusual results may be obtained due to high levels of interfering factors.

PROTOCOLS
Reagent Preparation
1. Enzyme Solution:
   a. Dissolve lyophilized Enzyme Reagent in 10 mL of purified water.
   b. Filter solution with a 0.45 µm membrane filter.
   c. Aliquot and store the enzyme solution at -20°C until needed. The frozen enzyme solution is stable for 3 months. Avoid repeat freeze/thaw cycles.

2. Calibrator Solution:
   a. Serial dilute the Chondroitin Sulfate Calibrator (100 µg/mL) in sterile purified water to 100, 50, 25, 12.5 and 0 µg/mL.
   b. The diluted calibrators can be stored frozen at -20°C for 1 year.

3. Staining Solution:
   a. Prepare Staining Stock Solution just prior to performing the assay. Color of the diluted staining stock solution may fade in 5 seconds - 5 minutes. Fading is normal and does not affect the performance of the solution. The stain is ready to use 15-20 minutes after preparation.
   b. Bring the Staining Stock and Buffer to room temperature.
   c. Mix 0.4 mL of Staining Stock Solution to 12.6 mL of Buffer. Protect from light.

Cartilage Tissue Protocol
1. Add 10 mL of the Enzyme Solution to 1-10 mg of cartilage tissue. The amount of tissue depends on the amount of acidic mucopolysaccharide in the tissue.
2. Heat at 60°C for 1 hour to digest tissue completely.
3. Pipette 100 µL of digested tissue or 100 µL of each Calibrator (100, 50, 25, 12.5 and 0 µg/mL) into a tube.
4. Add 1.3 mL of the Staining Solution to each tube.
5. Mix thoroughly.
6. A blue color will develop in a few minutes. Measure the absorption at 650 nm within 10 - 20 minutes of mixing.
   *Note: A high concentration (>120 µg/mL) of acidic mucopolysaccharides will precipitate. The sample must be diluted to obtain a concentration of less than 100 µg/mL.

Cultured Cartilage Cells, Cell Monolayer or Spheroid Cell Clusters Protocol
1. Place cell layers or cell clusters into centrifuge tubes.
2. Centrifuge at 1,500 rpm for 5 minutes.
3. Remove the supernatant.
4. Add 0.5 mL of the Enzyme Solution to the cell pellet.
5. Digest the cells by heating at 60°C for 1 hour.
6. Pipette 100 µL of digested sample or 100 µL of serial diluted Calibrator (100, 50, 25, 12.5 and 0 µg/mL) into a tube.
7. Mix 1.3 mL of Staining Solution into each tube.
8. A blue color will develop in a few minutes. Measure the absorbance at 650 nm within 10 - 20 minutes of mixing.

CALCULATIONS
1. Plot the calibration curve by graphing absorbance as a function of chondroitin sulfate concentration.
2. Use the calibration curve to determine mucopolysaccharide concentration.
Note: If the sample has been diluted, the concentration obtained from the calibration curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Typical Calibration Curve

The chondroitin sulfate calibration curve is provided for demonstration only. Calibration curves should be generated for each set of samples assayed.