

KAMIYA BIOMEDICAL COMPANY

Human Leucine-Rich Alpha-2-Glycoprotein 1 (LRG1) ELISA

**For the quantitative determination of LRG1
in human biological samples**

Human. No. KT-1899

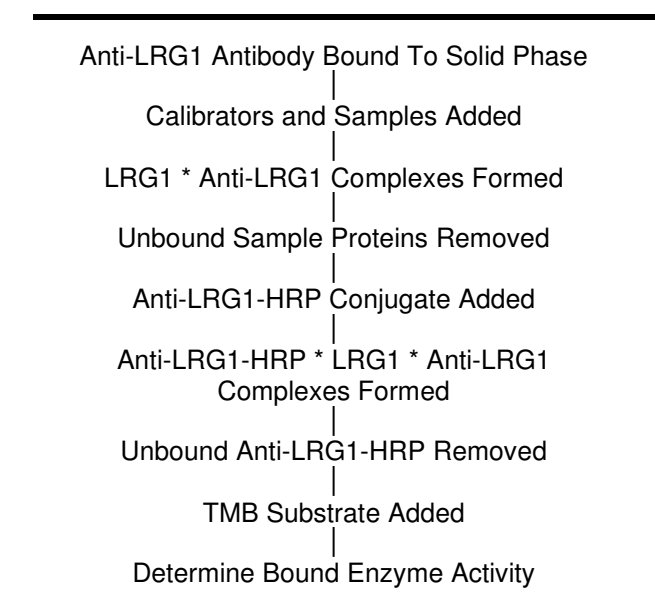
For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT INFORMATION**Human Leucine-Rich Alpha-2-Glycoprotein 1 (LRG1) ELISA**
Human. No. KT-1899**INTENDED USE**

The Human LRG1 ELISA is a highly sensitive two-site enzyme-linked immunoassay (ELISA) for the quantitative determination of LRG1 in human biological samples. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRINCIPLE

The principle of the double antibody sandwich ELISA is represented in Figure 1. In this assay the LRG1 present in the sample reacts with the anti-LRG1 antibody, which has been adsorbed to the surface of polystyrene microtiter wells. After the removal of unbound proteins by washing, anti-LRG1 antibody conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) is added. This HRP-conjugated antibody forms a complex with the previously bound LRG1. Following another washing step, the enzyme bound to the immunosorbent is assayed by the addition of a chromogenic substrate, 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB). The quantity of bound enzyme is proportional to the concentration of LRG1 in the sample tested; thus, the absorbance, at 450 nm, is a measure of the concentration of LRG1 in the test sample. The quantity of LRG1 in the test sample can be interpolated from the calibration curve constructed from the calibrators and corrected for sample dilution.

Figure 1.**COMPONENTS**

1. Diluent Concentrate
One bottle containing 50 mL of a 5X concentrated diluent running buffer.
2. Wash Solution Concentrate
One bottle containing 50 mL of a 20X concentrated wash solution.
3. Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate Concentrate
One vial containing 150 µL of a 100X concentrated affinity-purified anti-human LRG1 antibody conjugated with HRP in stabilizing buffer.
4. TMB Substrate Solution
One vial containing 12 mL of TMB and hydrogen peroxide in citric acid buffer at pH 3.3.
5. Stop Solution

One vial containing 12 mL of 0.3 M sulfuric acid.

WARNING: Avoid contact with skin.

6. Microtiter Plate
Twelve removable eight-well strips in well holder frame. Wells are coated with affinity-purified anti-human LRG1.
7. Human LRG1 Calibrator
One vial containing a lyophilized Human LRG1 Calibrator.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Precision pipettes (2 μ L to 200 μ L) for making and dispensing dilutions
- Test tubes
- Microplate washer/aspirator
- Distilled or de-ionized H₂O
- Microplate reader
- Assorted glassware for the preparation of reagents and buffer solutions
- Timer

PRECAUTIONS

1. Read the instructions carefully before beginning the assay.
2. This kit is for research use only.
3. Great care has been taken to ensure the quality and reliability of this product. However, it is possible that in certain cases, unusual results may be obtained due to high levels of interfering factors.
4. No additives or preservatives are necessary to maintain the integrity of the specimen. Avoid azide contamination.
5. Azide and thimerosal at concentrations higher than 0.1% inhibit the enzyme reaction.
6. Other precautions:
 - Do not interchange kit components from different lots.
 - Do not use kit components beyond the expiration date.
 - Protect reagents from direct sunlight.
 - Do not pipette by mouth.
 - Do not eat, drink, smoke or apply cosmetics where reagents are used.
 - Avoid all contact with the reagents by using gloves.
 - Stop solution contains diluted sulfuric acid. Irritation to eyes and skin is possible. Flush with water after contact.

REAGENT PREPARATION

1. Diluent Concentrate
The Diluent solution supplied is a 5X concentrate and must be diluted 1:5 with distilled or de-ionized water.
2. Wash Solution Concentrate
The Wash Solution supplied is a 20X concentrate and must be diluted 1:20 with distilled or de-ionized water. Crystal formation in the concentrate is not uncommon when storage temperatures are low. Warming of the concentrate to 30-35°C before dilution can dissolve crystals.
3. Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate Concentrate
Calculate the required amount of working conjugate solution for each microtiter plate test strip by adding 10 μ L Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate to 990 μ L of 1X Diluent for each test strip to be used for testing. Mix uniformly, but gently. Avoid foaming.
4. TMB Substrate Solution
Ready to use as supplied.
5. Stop Solution
Ready to use as supplied.
6. Microtiter Plate
Ready to use as supplied. Unseal Microtiter Pouch and remove plate from pouch. Remove all strips and wells that will not be used in the assay and place back in pouch and re-seal along with desiccant.

7. Human LRG1 Calibrator

Add 1.0 mL of distilled or de-ionized water to the lyophilized Human LRG1 Calibrator and mix gently until dissolved. The calibrator is now at a concentration of 1.90 µg/mL (**the reconstituted calibrator should be aliquoted and frozen if future use is intended**). Human LRG1 Calibrators need to be prepared immediately prior to use (see chart below). Mix well between each step. Avoid foaming.

Calibrator	Concentration (ng/mL)	Calibrator Volume added to 1X Diluent	Volume of 1X Diluent
7	200	100 µL Human LRG1 Calibrator	850 µL
6	100	300 µL Calibrator 7	300 µL
5	50	300 µL Calibrator 6	300 µL
4	25	300 µL Calibrator 5	300 µL
3	12.5	300 µL Calibrator 4	300 µL
2	6.25	300 µL Calibrator 3	300 µL
1	3.13	300 µL Calibrator 2	300 µL
0			600 µL

STORAGE AND STABILITY

1. Complete Kit

The expiration date for the kit is stated on the outer label. The recommended storage temperature is 4°C. **Note: See long term storage recommendations below for the Human LRG1 Calibrator.**

2. Diluent

The 5X Diluent Concentrate is stable until the expiration date. The 1X working solution is stable for at least one week from the date of preparation. Both solutions should be stored at 4°C.

3. Wash Solution

The 20X Wash Solution Concentrate is stable until the expiration date. The 1X working solution is stable for at least one week from the date of preparation. Both solutions should be stored at 4°C.

4. Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate

Undiluted anti-LRG1-HRP conjugate should be stored at 4°C and **diluted immediately prior to use**. The working conjugate solution is stable for up to 1 hour when stored in the dark.

5. TMB Substrate Solution

The TMB Substrate Solution should be stored at 4°C and is stable until the expiration date.

6. Stop Solution

The Stop Solution should be stored at 4°C and is stable until the expiration date.

7. Microtiter Plate

Anti-human LRG1 coated wells are stable until the expiration date, and should be stored at 4°C in the sealed foil pouch with desiccant pack.

8. Human LRG1 Calibrator

The lyophilized Human LRG1 Calibrator should be stored at 4°C or frozen until reconstituted. The reconstituted calibrator should be aliquoted and stored frozen. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. The working calibrator solutions should be prepared immediately prior to use.

INDICATIONS OF INSTABILITY

If the test is performing correctly, the results observed with the calibrator solutions should be within 20% of the expected values.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

Blood should be collected by venipuncture and the serum separated from the cells, after clot formation, by centrifugation. For plasma samples, blood should be collected into a container with an anticoagulant and then centrifuged. Care should

be taken to minimize hemolysis, excessive hemolysis can impact your results. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing/thawing.

For any sample that might contain pathogens, care must be taken to prevent contact with open wounds. No additives or preservatives are necessary to maintain the integrity of the specimen. Avoid azide contamination.

ASSAY PROTOCOL

Dilution of Samples

Due to the high sensitive nature of the assay each sample should be diluted before use for a normal assay. A 1:1,000 dilution is appropriate for most serum/plasma samples. For absolute quantification of samples that yield results outside the range of the calibration curve, a lesser or greater dilution might be required. **If unsure of sample level, a serial dilution with one or two representative samples before running the entire plate is highly recommended.**

To prepare a 1/1,000 dilution of sample, transfer 5 µL of sample to 495 µL of 1X diluent. This gives you a 1/100 dilution. Next, dilute the 1/100 samples by transferring 50 µL, to 450 µL of 1X diluent. You now have a 1/1,000 dilution of your sample. Mix thoroughly at each stage.

Procedure

1. **Bring all reagents to RT before use.**
2. Pipette 100 µL of
 - Calibrator 0 (0.0 ng/mL) in duplicate
 - Calibrator 1 (3.13 ng/mL) in duplicate
 - Calibrator 2 (6.25 ng/mL) in duplicate
 - Calibrator 3 (12.5 ng/mL) in duplicate
 - Calibrator 4 (25 ng/mL) in duplicate
 - Calibrator 5 (50 ng/mL) in duplicate
 - Calibrator 6 (100 ng/mL) in duplicate
 - Calibrator 7 (200 ng/mL) in duplicate
3. Pipette 100 µL of diluted sample (in duplicate) into pre-designated wells.
4. Incubate the Microtiter Plate at 22°C (RT) for sixty (60 ± 2) minutes. Keep plate covered and level during incubation.
5. Following incubation, aspirate the contents of the wells.
6. Completely fill each well with appropriately diluted Wash Solution and aspirate. Repeat three times, for a total of four washes. If washing manually: completely fill wells with diluted Wash Solution, invert the plate and pour/shake out the contents in a waste container. Follow this by sharply striking the wells on absorbent paper to remove residual Wash Solution. Repeat three times for a total of four washes.
7. Pipette 100 µL of appropriately diluted Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate to each well. Incubate at 22°C (RT) for thirty (30 ± 2) minutes. Keep plate covered in the dark and level during incubation.
8. Wash and blot the wells as described in Steps 5 and 6.
9. Pipette 100 µL of TMB Substrate Solution into each well.
10. Incubate in the dark at RT for precisely ten (10) minutes.
11. After ten minutes, add 100 µL of Stop Solution to each well.
12. Determine the absorbance at 450 nm of the contents of each well. Calibrate the plate reader to manufacturer's specifications.

The absorbance of the final reaction mixture can be measured up to 2 hours after the addition of the Stop Solution. However, good laboratory practice dictates that the measurement be made as soon as possible.

RESULTS

1. Subtract the average background value from the test values for each sample.
2. Using the results observed for the calibrators construct a calibration curve. The appropriate curve fit is that of a four-parameter logistics curve, although a second order polynomial (quadratic) or other curve fits may also be used.
3. Interpolate test sample values from calibration curve. Correct for sample dilution factor to arrive at LRG1 concentration in original sample.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

In accord with good laboratory practice, the assays for specific LRG1 require meticulous quality control. Each laboratory should use routine quality control procedures to establish inter- and intra-assay precision and performance characteristics.

LIMITATION OF THE PROCEDURE

1. Reliable and reproducible results will be obtained when the assay procedure is carried out with a complete understanding of the information contained in the package insert instructions and with adherence to good laboratory practice.
2. Factors that might affect the performance of the assay include proper instrument function, cleanliness of glassware, quality of distilled or de-ionized water, and accuracy of reagent and sample pipetting, washing technique, incubation time or temperature.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

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